

### **Evaluation Toolkit: A Guide to Evaluating the Introduction of Asset Development in a Rural Community**

### **Produced by:**

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### **EVALUATION TOOLKIT**

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### **Purpose of the Evaluation Toolkit**

The Evaluation Toolkit is a template for community leaders to assess the implementation of positive youth development in a rural community. It functions as a self

### **POINTER**

Adapt the model and tools to fit your evaluation requirements.

evaluation of initial asset development mobilization and awareness raising efforts. This tool:

- is based on the asset development evaluation designed and implemented in Whitecourt, Alberta
- is flexible and adaptive for asset building communities in rural areas
- supports a primarily self evaluative, participatory approach
- addresses evaluation organization, design, planning, collection, monitoring, analysis, interpretation, presentation, dissemination and sustainability

### **Application of the Evaluation Toolkit**

Can your community learn from this Evaluation Toolkit? Whitecourt's evaluation has the following characteristics, which created the context for the design and application of the evaluation:

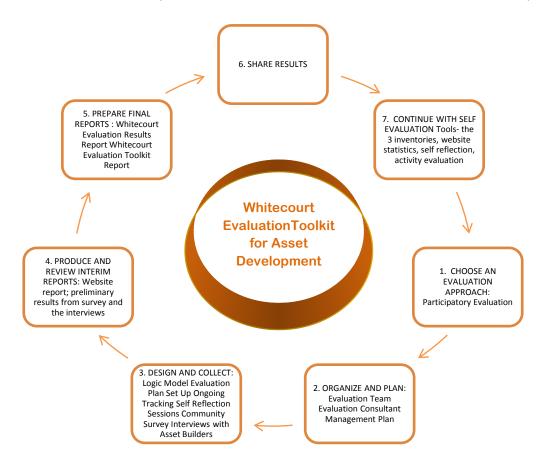
- rural community such as a town and surrounding area
- some community members took part in the initial positive youth development training sponsored by the Provincial Partners and conducted by Lions Quest Canada
- community where there are individuals trained in positive youth development and asset building are
  or want to be part of mobilizing the community, to raise awareness and knowledge, and to inform
  others on how to build assets
- community that has organized a group for promoting asset development, preferably with members from multiple sectors, such as education, government, businesses, town council, agencies that work with youth
- group that is early in its positive youth development initiative
- group that has chosen to initially focus on the 40
   Developmental Assets and asset building as their positive youth development initiative

### POINTER

Evaluation experience and results are useful and a key to your positive youth development success.

### The Whitecourt Evaluation Model

The toolkit discusses the seven steps taken in the Whitecourt Evaluation Toolkit for asset development.



### **Pointers and Templates**

Throughout the Evaluation Toolkit you will find pointers from the Whitecourt Evaluation Team.

Templates and other tools are in Attachment B for your use in adapting this toolkit to the introduction of asset development in your community.

### POINTER

Seek out and act on opportunities to contact other similar projects about their evaluations. Share designs, tools, and experiences. Ask what worked for them, what challenges they encountered, and how they resolved them.

### 1.0 CHOOSE AN EVALUATION APPROACH

Upfront consultation with other asset development communities that have undertaken evaluation may help you identify an evaluative approach. The evaluation approach that you choose will help define your involvement in the evaluation work. Participatory evaluation was the approach taken in Whitecourt.

What is participatory evaluation?

"Participatory Evaluation is a process of self-assessment, collective knowledge production, and cooperative action in which the stakeholders in a development intervention participate substantially in the identification of the evaluation issues, the design of the evaluation, collection and data analysis, and the action taken as a results of the evaluation findings." <sup>1</sup>

Consider the following opportunities in choosing a participatory approach:

- energize your team
- learn about evaluation
- help make sure that the evaluation procedures and tools fit the community
- increase participation in the evaluation using your network contacts
- clarify your asset development work
- ensure that your evaluation questions are being addressed
- consider the evaluation results in your strategic planning
- use your experience gained in evaluation for the ongoing self evaluation of your continuing work
- share your evaluation experience with other asset development communities

### 2.0 ORGANIZE AND PLAN

### 2.1 Form an Evaluation Team

An Evaluation Team is needed prior to the evaluation. Your community's asset development leadership group can form the team, starting with all or some of its members. In Whitecourt the POWER Group took on the leadership role for introducing asset development to the community. An evaluation team was formed to organize and plan the evaluation of the introduction of asset development. A cross section of community groups is desirable.

Here is the membership of Whitecourt's Evaluation Team: POWER Group Members:

- Tanner Daniels, Chairperson (Addictions, Alberta Health Services)
- Sharon Shannon (FCSS, Town of Whitecourt)
- Christina Prodaniuk (RCMP, Town of Whitecourt)
- Carmen Mombourquette (Parent Council, St. Joseph School)
- Dana McLean (SUCCESS Team, Mental Health Capacity Building in Schools Initiative)

### **Provincial Partners:**

- Lorne Adamitz (RCMP D.O.C.A.S.)
- Kim Pinnock (Northern Alberta Development Council)
- Tasha Allen (Alberta Health Services)

### **Contracted Evaluator:**

Janet Howell, Howell & Associates Management Consulting

It is important to have the core members of your team be consistent. In a high turnover community, this can be a challenge.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Greenwood, D. and Levin, M. *Introduction to Action Research*. 1989.

The POWER Group determined the focus of the evaluation. The Provincial Partners attended the Evaluation Team meetings to offer Information and support and to ensure that the evaluation products were fitting for other communities. They also wanted to understand the impact of their initial training and to determine their next steps. The Evaluator facilitated the design and conduct of the evaluation.

### 2.2 Obtain Evaluation Support

There may be people in your community with evaluation expertise that you can draw from, or you may require evaluation expertise from an experienced evaluator. If your community already has a logic model for the introduction asset development it can serve as a foundation for your evaluation design.

### **POINTER**

We needed evaluation support since we did not have the expertise among us. How to develop a logic model, an evaluation plan and tools, and how to analyze and present data are specialized skills. You may have people on your team with some of these evaluation skills.

The POWER Group required an evaluator to facilitate the development of a project logic model and an evaluation plan, to guide the data collection process, to draft evaluation tools and prepare reports. If you need to hire an evaluator, here is some selection criteria used in Whitecourt.

### **Evaluator Selection Qualifications**

- 1. Experience working in northern Alberta communities (urban or rural).
- 2. Experience working on community based initiatives (youth/education/health, etc).
- 3. General understanding of the concept(s) of positive youth development, the 40 Developmental Assets and crime prevention through social development.
- 4. Strong written and oral communication skills (i.e.: can present evaluation concepts, methods, findings, and recommendations in an easily understood and accessible manner).
- 5. Strong evaluation design skills (i.e. logic model development, evaluation framework development, including the creation of appropriate indicators of measurement strategies, measure development).
- 6. High degree of familiarity using both quantitative and qualitative methods to gather evaluation data.
- 7. Strong evaluation project management skills and a proven track record of delivering evaluation products on schedule and on budget.

Evaluation costs can be reduced if the Evaluation Team members assist in the following ways: data collection, setting up interviews, preparing some interim reports from their ongoing data collection and their social media/website use, and summarizing data from the community survey.

### 2.3 Develop an Evaluation Management Plan

There are ways to manage the evaluation: monitoring the approved evaluation plan, conducting regular meetings, reviewing progress reports, and verifying responsibilities with reference to the evaluator's contract.

### **POINTER**

Regular meetings of the Evaluation Team help to keep the evaluation moving forward, and to resolve challenges as they arise. Prepare a schedule of meetings with specific agendas and follow through.

### **Evaluation Plan**

The Evaluation Plan approved by the Evaluation Team serves as the reference point for the work to be completed. Review the plan regularly and update as required.

### **Meetings of the Evaluation Team**

The Evaluation Team meets several times during the time period of the evaluation, which is usually six months to one year. The Evaluation Team will be able to resolve challenges affecting the completion of the evaluation. It is critical that the Evaluation Team works together and meets as planned.

### **Progress Reports**

Progress reports, schedules and updated schedules are prepared and reviewed by the Evaluation Team during the evaluation. This may take place at Evaluation Team meetings and teleconferences.

### **The Evaluation Contract**

Your contract with an evaluator should define the broad phases for the project along with deliverables and timelines for each phase, such as:

• Phase One: Evaluation Design

Phase Two: Implementation Planning

• Phase Three: Implementation

Phase Four: Conclusion

A sponsoring agency should be the contract authority. They will administrator the contract on behalf of the Evaluation Team and ensure that the deliverables are reviewed and approved for satisfactory completion.

### 3.0 DESIGN AND COLLECT

### 3.1 Develop a Logic Model

Developing a logic model is one way to start creating your evaluation design. The POWER Group developed a Logic Model, facilitated by an evaluation consultant. This process included preparation of a logic model, including what a logic model is, what its purpose is, what it contains and its linkage to an evaluation plan.

### **POINTER**

You may have to learn about logic models and evaluation plans with the help of an experienced community member or an evaluator. It is not just about creating these tools, but also about learning what they are and how to use them. This may be a new way of looking at your community initiative. It may help clarify what you do and why you do it.

### **Definition of a Logic Model**

A logic model is a diagram that shows what the requirements are for attaining specific progressive outcomes that logically flow from one another. The short term outcomes are assumed to logically lead to the medium term outcomes and these in turn to the long term outcomes. These outcomes link to the need that the project attempts to address. For example, you promote asset development with the community at large to initially raise their awareness, help them gain knowledge and understanding of the topic and its importance. This may lead to them applying that knowledge in their daily lives, and the progressive emergence of an asset development climate in the community.

### **Purposes of a Logic Model**

A logic model can serve many purposes:

- to succinctly describe your program or project to others, such as potential partners or funders
- to explain what changes you are focused on, and what you are doing about it
- to provide the foundation for designing an evaluation with reference to the intended outcomes

Outcome statements should be measurable, which means that it is feasible to collect relevant and valid evidence (outcome indicators) to assess the attainment of the outcome. Here is an example of a poor outcome statement followed by a more viable one:

Increase in suspected child abuse situations **versus** increase in the number of substantiated child abuse reports made to an Alberta Child Welfare Office in the next year.

### **Content of a Logic Model**

The sections in a logic model include inputs, activities, outputs, and immediate, intermediate and long term outcomes. Here are some definitions to help guide your logic model development.<sup>2</sup>

### **Logic Model Content Definitions**

### Inputs:

Inputs are the things you have already to get you started such as a plan, a budget and a support agency to administer the work.

### **Activities:**

Activities are things you do to achieve the outcomes such as presentations, workshops, media campaigns and conferences. This also includes the planning, management, delivery and evaluation of the work.

### Outputs:

Outputs are the products of the activity, the occurrences of activity, the number of people reached, and the tangible goods that result such as posters, assessment tools, and manuals.

### **Short Term Outcomes:**

These are the initial most obvious intended changes that you will expect to see. For individuals these may refer to increased awareness, understanding, belief in, knowledge and how to. For agencies or communities the initial outcomes may be such states as a shared vision, and more cooperation, collaboration, partnerships or solidarity.

### **Medium Term Outcomes:**

Medium Term outcomes are further changes that are likely if the initial outcome was achieved. These are usually such things as a greater appreciation of the importance,

### Long term Outcomes:

Long term outcomes are those changes that you expect to be evident if the initial and intermediate changes take place. These are often in the realm of action such as improved performance for individuals or groups.

Attachment A contains the Whitecourt Evaluation Plan which includes their completed logic model. There is a logic model template in Attachment B.

Whitecourt's evaluation was of the introduction of asset development. This is demonstrated in the logic model's activities and outcomes. The work of the POWER Group will expand as they move through the various sectors of their community and stages of asset development. Therefore, your logic model will require updating to reflect your changing strategies, roles, and the corresponding activities that your leadership group will undertake with the community.

### Linkage of a Logic Model to the Evaluation Plan

Each outcome requires indicators that can be measured to demonstrate whether outcomes have been attained. The outcomes from the Logic Model are the link to the evaluation plan. They identify the indicators to be measured and the methods and procedures to be used.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Griffin-Wiesner, J. *The Journey of Community Change*. Search Institute. 2005.

### 3.2 Create an Evaluation Plan

You will require an evaluation plan, and you may be able to adapt Whitecourt's plan to fit your community. The Whitecourt Evaluation Plan is provided in full for your reference in Attachment A. Templates for the evaluation

### POINTER

The outcomes must be measurable. In the evaluation work plan you will describe the information you will collect to measure outcomes and the methods you will use.

work plan and the evaluation schedule of an evaluation plan are available in Attachment B. These two pieces are needed at a minimum in an evaluation plan.

### **Content of the Whitecourt Evaluation Plan**

- 1. A project overview describing the background, the overall goal and the objectives of the evaluation.
- 2. The completed Logic Model of the introduction of asset development in Whitecourt.
- 3. The specific evaluation requirements and the broad evaluation questions.
- 4. A description of the characteristics and the model of participatory evaluation.
- 5. A table (evaluation work plan) which identified for each of Whitecourt's four broad activities, the specific outcomes, and the outcome indicators for each outcome along with the source of the evaluation information, the evaluation method and tool that would be used and the timeline for each evaluation activity.

The completion of the evaluation work plan took place at meetings of the Evaluation Team in Whitecourt facilitated by the Evaluator. The Evaluator provided the format and then guided the Evaluation Team in identifying the outcome indicators. The outcomes must be measurable and the indicators reflect the attainment of the outcome.

### 3.3 Determine How to Use Social Media Tracking

Asset development is all about making contact and building relationships between youth and adults and among the adult asset builders. The potential of social media should be considered to improve your reach, and to invite interaction on behalf of asset development. The tracking of use will provide you with ongoing evaluation feedback.

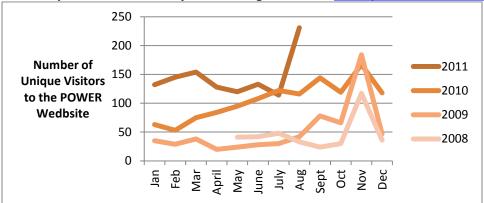
### **POINTER**

Consider the potential of social media tracking for the ongoing evaluation of your asset development marketing.

The POWER Group developed <u>www.powerofwhitecourt.com</u> to include asset development information when they began their asset development initiative. This website kept track of use and was set up to provide monthly statistics. The figure below shows a growth in website use over time, with increased access after each of the POWER Group's major community initiatives.

However, the interim evaluation survey results showed that the website was among the least accessed sources for asset development information. POWER members felt the website needed a major overhaul to increase its capacity for engagement and retention of visitors. Key changes include *Twitter* and *Poll Everywhere* features as well as additional resource links. The Team has promoted the new website widely in the community. The POWER Group will be monitoring use of the new website using the statistics feature of the website.

### Number of unique visitors from May 2008 to August 2011 at <a href="www.powerofwhitecourt.com">www.powerofwhitecourt.com</a>



### 3.4 Setup and Maintain Tracking Tools

Inventories of your activities, stakeholders and resources are useful sources of information for your ongoing evaluation. You can set up these tools in a computerized format for easy review and updating. These inventories are a reflection of your approach to introducing of asset development. Templates are provided in Attachment B.

### **POINTER**

Start keeping track of your inventories of stakeholders, activities and resources at the beginning of your asset development community initiative. Keep the inventories up to date. It will make your ongoing evaluation easier.

In Whitecourt the Evaluator suggested that the three inventories be created immediately. Ideally these kinds of inventories should be put in place at the start of the asset development initiative, and updated with new additions. The POWER Group members collectively constructed their stakeholder, activity and resources inventories.

### **Whitecourt Stakeholders Inventory**

The Whitecourt Inventory of Stakeholders was limited to individuals that have joined the POWER Group at one time or another from various agencies or organizations or the public.

### **Whitecourt Activities Inventory**

The Whitecourt Inventory of Activities began in June 2009. The activities are described by the type of activity, the number of participants and who was involved. In the Whitecourt Evaluation Results (Part 1), the activities were presented in relation to the five action strategies (*Pathways for Community Change*) for asset development that were developed by the Search Institute.

### **Resources Inventory**

The Whitecourt Inventory of Resources contains many items ranging from promotional soccer balls to posters, resources developed for Whitecourt, and items borrowed from other communities. The resources are for youth and adults such as teachers, parents and the public at large. The Inventory can also include the number of copies of each resource and the number distributed.

### 3.5 Apply Self-Reflection for Learning

The implementers of asset development initiatives can use periodic self-reflection to step back and focus on their successes, their resolved and ongoing challenges and to

### POINTER

Self-reflection is a way for groups to take stock of how well the initiative is going, and to make adjustments accordingly. clarify their future direction. This occurred during the Whitecourt evaluation, and is recommended as a regular feature of project management, taking place at least three times a year. A template for self-reflection is provided in Attachment B.

The Evaluator facilitated the reflection discussion by the Whitecourt Evaluation Team members in a roundtable fashion. The results are recorded and reviewed as part of the next reflection session.

Here is an example of a product that resulted from a Whitecourt self-reflection session. A list of suggestions was produced for others based on Whitecourt's experience introducing asset development, as shown below:

- You must believe in it.
- Relationships are everything, no matter what.
- Having stakeholders is a key ingredient.
- Recognize the importance of asset development messages at the front end.
- Be flexible in what you do, but do have a plan.
- Learn and use the language of asset development.
- Tap into existing events.
- It is not what you do but how you do it.
- Make sure that you make it clear that this is a philosophy not a program.
- Be patient. It takes time.

### 3.6 Adapt and Implement a Community Survey

There are many technical aspects to designing and implementing a survey including who to include in the sampling, the type of sampling method to employ, question design and the implementation plan. Issues of quality, validity and reliability must be addressed.

To design the Whitecourt community survey, the Evaluator utilized the Whitecourt Evaluation Plan to identify the specific outcomes and indicators that were slated for the community survey. Questions were created to gather the specific information required for each indicator. Survey

### **POINTER**

Go to the source. Find out if people in the community are hearing your messages and taking action.

design is one part of the evaluation that is often best undertaken or supported by an experienced evaluator in close consultation with the Evaluation Team. The Evaluation Team reviewed the draft questionnaire, and considered the wording of the questions for community suitability.

An evaluator cannot produce a tool and procedure that will be fitting for those to be surveyed without the guidance of the Evaluation Team members. They know their client group and community best. Therefore, if you chose to adopt the survey design used in Whitecourt you will need to review the tools and procedures, and likely adapt these to your specific evaluation needs and community. A pre-test of the tool can help to identify unclear questions and problematic wording. A copy of the Whitecourt Asset Development Community Survey is in Attachment B. Here is a sample of an outcome, one of its indicators and then its corresponding questions in the community survey:

Outcome: Identified stakeholders apply asset development
Indicator: Stakeholders report applying asset building at work, at home and in the community
Collection Method: Community Survey
Survey Questions # 8, 9 and 10: Questions are shown in following chart.
WHITECOURT ASSET DEVELOPMENT COMMUNITY SURVEY 2011
(Format Compressed Version to Show Content Q8-10)
We are trying to find out if the people of Whitecourt are aware of asset development.
Do you practice asset development with youth in your workplace?
No, don't work with youth No, do not practice it deliberately Yes
If yes, please give an example;
2. Have you used the Developmental Assets as a parent?  No, I am not a parent Not used the assets No, I would like to Yes
If yes, please give an example:
3. Do you use the principles of asset development in your interaction with youth that you come into contact with
3. Do you use the principles of asset development in your interaction with youth that you come into contact with in the community?    No  Yes
If yes, please describe a situation:
Thank you very much for completing this survey.

The sampling strategy for the community survey in Whitecourt was developed to fit to the way the POWER Group engaged the community. The Education sector has been a primary focus for asset development by the POWER Group, and subsequently by the schools themselves. These schools reach the entire school aged population in the community. Therefore, all staff in Whitecourt's six schools and Storefront School were surveyed. A member of POWER contacted each school requesting their participation, delivered the questionnaires for distribution to the teachers either at a staff meeting or in their mailbox, and collected the completed questionnaires which were provided to the Evaluator for analysis.

The approach for the rest of the community was to distribute the survey to: workers at their workplaces and interagency meetings, a Chamber of Commerce meeting, specific work sites, and to involve individuals at major family oriented or community events. Some such events were the Program Registration event in September, and upon entering the Allan & Jean Millar Recreation Centre.

During this process the Evaluator noted that there were very few men participating in the survey, except for the school staff. A few male dominant workplaces were then added to the surveying, resulting in 14 percent of the survey participants being men. This remains a substantial under representation of males who slightly outnumber females in the Whitecourt population. However it should be noted that the male dominant business sector was not a target for the POWER Group's initial introduction of asset development.

**POINTER** 

### 3.7 Interview Community Asset Builders

Talk with the asset builders in your community about their asset development experiences and future perspectives for your community.

The members of the POWER Group Evaluation Team produced a list of twenty-one asset builders that the Evaluator interviewed:

- 9 Government Workers
- 8 School Staff
- 2 Town Council Officials
- 1 Not for Profit Agency Head
- 1Self Employed Person

This list also included the five members of the POWER Group Evaluation Team. They were not questioned on the section of the interview questionnaire dealing with support from the POWER Group.

Again the question construction for the interview was guided by the Evaluation Plan that contained outcomes and specific indicators that would be measured using the interview responses of these asset builders. Attachment B provides the Asset Builder Interview Questions. The interviews provided an opportunity to discuss in greater depth specific asset development experiences. It asked about future perspectives for Whitecourt from people who were fully committed and engaged as asset builders. The interviews also addressed the role of the POWER Group supporting the asset development initiatives and applications by others.

If a community does not have an evaluator to conduct the interviews, they should find someone outside the project to do it. Here are some guidelines for the selection of an interviewer:

- not involved with the asset development initiative in your community
- familiar with asset development
- knows the objectives and history of the asset development leadership group
- has interviewing skills, possibly a skill used in their work
- is able to establish a positive rapport with people from all sectors of the community

### 4.0 PRODUCE INTERIM REPORTS

Preparing and reviewing interim evaluations reports is a good place to start to provide yourself with evaluation information on a regular basis. This information can be used in your self-reflection sessions.

### POINTER

There were opportunities during the Whitecourt evaluation to prepare interim evaluation reports. These reports helped the Evaluation team get used to processing feedback information on their initiatives.

Early into the evaluation the Evaluator facilitated the first Self Reflection session held by the Evaluation Team. This session identified the early start challenges introducing asset development in Whitecourt as well as the successes and the ongoing challenges. The results were documented and dated to start an ongoing record and to track the asset development introduction experience. The Evaluator also

provided verbal interim reports based on preliminary reviews of the community survey responses, and interviews conducted with the asset builders.

The Evaluator prepared a PowerPoint presentation of the analyzed statistics for the Evaluation Team, which was discussed at an Evaluation Team meeting. The <a href="www.powerofwhitecourt.com">www.powerofwhitecourt.com</a> website housed asset development details that the people of Whitecourt referred to for more information. This website had a utilization tracker and a statistics production facility. This information is another form of an interim report.

If you give workshops and/or presentations an evaluation tool is provided in Attachment B in the form of a Question Bank. A debriefing approach is also described.

### 5.0 PREPARE FINAL REPORTS

### 5.1 Analyze and Interpret the Information

Interpretation of the evaluation information requires you return to the broad evaluation questions and the outcomes with the indicators identified in the Evaluation Plan. Then relate what you have found to

answer these questions and thereby determine the extent to which these outcomes have been reached.

Since the survey sampling was not designed to represent Whitecourt overall, the results were not combined in total. The Evaluator sorted the questionnaires using the employment information provided into four work sectors and an unemployed group. Each group was then sorted into those that had heard of asset development and those who had not. The first group provided the bulk of the evaluation information.

### 5.2 Display the Final Results

As noted earlier this evaluation resulted in two reports: a report of the Whitecourt evaluation results, and a report on the evaluation design and

show the evaluation results, whether in print or electronic format. You will need to reshape your display for different audiences and different purposes.

Text, graphics and charts provide a variety of ways to

experience which is called the Evaluation Toolkit. Applications of the Whitecourt Evaluation Toolkit would produce results reports with a design section. An example of a graph that shows results is displayed below. This was produced using Microsoft Excel.

### Figure 2. (example) % of Participants that Recognized the POWER Logo Education Business Government Other Not Employed

### POINTER

There are a number of options for analyzing the evaluation data collected. You may use Excel if the sorting feature is key in your analysis plan. You can create a database using Access. If you have a large data set and a more complex analysis requirement SPSS (Statistical Package for the Social Sciences) may be an efficient and effective choice.

### 6.0 SHARE RESULTS

The POWER Group plans to share the evaluation results and toolkit with the local community, and to make the results available to others that are interested. Information and specific graphics

### POINTER

Others can learn from your experience, so share your evaluation results.

taken from the report will be a resource for documents, newsletters, media articles and presentations for the POWER Group. The evaluation results are a primary resource to support the POWER Group and its partners in creating its positive youth development plan for the future.

The Provincial Partners intend to make this Evaluation Toolkit available to other rural communities that are interested in setting up an evaluation of their positive youth development initiatives. This evaluation was to determine the extent to which the community of Whitecourt has been successful in achieving the outcomes associated with the introduction of asset development in their community. It also provided information to support the evaluation design and conduct of asset development introduction by other rural communities.

### 7.0 CONDUCT ONGOING SELF EVALUATION

This Evaluation Toolkit has introduced a few ways to keep your evaluation going as a self-evaluation to further support your planning and implementation. Sources you can use in your ongoing self evaluation described in this Evaluation Toolkit:

- Stakeholders Inventory
- Activities Inventory
- Resources Inventory
- Your Website or Other Social Media with a Utilization Statistics Function
- Results from your Reflection Sessions
- Your workshop/presentation evaluation feedback

### POINTER

An ongoing approach to evaluation provides a stream of information for taking stock of program activity, determining its effects, and supporting ongoing improvement. The Team can maintain internal reporting for this purpose based on its inventories, website statistics, reflection sessions, and activity evaluations.

You can assign members of your asset development leadership group to maintain, analyze and report on the occurring trends based on these sources. Gaps in reach and successes in implementing your plans can be monitored. You can also use this information in presentations, progress reports and funding applications in support of your asset development work.

A more comprehensive evaluation activity can be used periodically at different phases in your asset development process. These can be employed when you require a more in-depth look at the progress of your community in creating an asset development climate.

### ATTACHMENT A An Evaluation Plan: Whitecourt Example

### **CONTENTS**

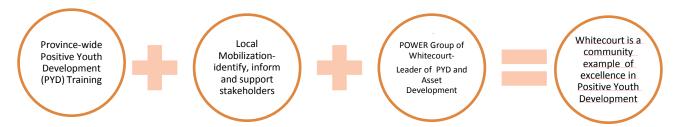
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### 1.0 PROJECT OVERVIEW

### 1.1 Background

The RCMP, Alberta Health Services and the Alberta Northern Development Council are the provincial partners that initiated training on positive youth development (PYD) and the 40 Developmental Assets in interested Alberta communities. These partners sought to determine the training effects of their efforts, and chose Whitecourt and the Woodlands County surrounding area as their evaluation site. The POWER Group of Whitecourt agreed that their efforts be the focus of this evaluation. They have set up an evaluation sub-committee to oversee the evaluation, which also included representatives from the provincial partners and a contracted evaluator.

The mission of the Whitecourt PYD Leadership Group is to create opportunities for people to enhance their capacity for positive youth development in the Whitecourt community "with intention". "With intention" acknowledges that the community already has positive youth development; strengths based philosophy and practices, which they employ automatically, to some extent "without intention". The diagram below places Whitecourt PYD and Asset development into the Provincial context.



### 1.2 Evaluation Objectives

The Provincial Partners had put forward two evaluation objectives:

- To determine the extent of Whitecourt's success in achieving the outcomes associated with each of the positive youth development initiatives they implemented.
- To develop an evaluation toolkit that could be modified for use in other rural communities implementing positive youth development initiatives across Alberta or elsewhere.

### 2.0 PROJECT LOGIC MODEL

The Whitecourt Logic Model is shown on the next page. This logic model describes the inputs, activities, outputs and outcomes. All the activities ultimately contribute to the long term outcome, which corresponds to the vision.

The Whitecourt PYD initiative has four major activity components:

- 1. To develop, manage, promote and evaluate the Whitecourt PYD Leadership Group's positive youth development with the community.
- 2. To identify and select stakeholders to lead community based asset development.
- 3. To deliver information and resources on Developmental Assets for youth to stakeholders and the community at large.
- 4. To offer practical support to stakeholders that intend to or are, creating Positive youth development in their sector.

### LOGIC MODEL

### Whitecourt Positive youth development (PYD)

"Mission: Creating opportunities for people to build the capacity for a youth asset development climate, with intention, in the Whitecourt community"

INPUTS	Asset training from the Provin	nce; the POWER Group of Wh	nt climate; Positive youth developm nitecourt provides the youth asset de sources of information and resource	evelopment leadership;
ACTIVITIES	Develop and promote the group's PYD work, manage its implementation and operation; and oversee the project evaluation	Identify and select stakeholders to lead youth developmental asset based	Provide information and resources to stakeholders and community at large on Developmental Assets for youth	Offer advice, consultation and facilitation to stakeholders that intend or are creating a youth asset development climate in their sector
OUTPUTS	Tools and procedures for promotion, management and delivery; promotional materials	Interested stakeholders identified by sector; number of contacts	Prepared presentations; number of information activities; participants by sector; resources developed; resources distributed; resource lists	References and information on asset building strategies and resources; development presentation materials; number of stakeholders assisted and services
SHORT TERM OUTCOMES	Successes, challenges and lessons learned are identified regarding the development and implementation of the Team's work	Leadership Group is aware of which stakeholders are interested in developing and implementing a community based asset development climate	Identified stakeholders and community at large have increased awareness, knowledge and appreciation of the value of Developmental Assets	Stakeholders developing asset climates are aware of the opportunities to receive advice, consultation and facilitation, and are comfortable to approach the Leadership Group for
MEDIUM TERM OUTCOMES	Lessons learned are formulated, which can be shared with other communities in the PYD Evaluation Protocol for the Province	Leadership Group effectively engages identified stakeholders and begins to form sustainable relationships	Identified stakeholders communicate about asset development with others they come in contact with, and consider applying the concepts in their own youth climates; individuals request more information and apply it in their daily lives	Stakeholders developing asset climates access the advice, consultation and visitation available
LONG TERM OUTCOMES	Leadership Group has increased understanding and knowledge of how to mobilize and support a community to create a PYD climate through asset development	Leadership Group sustains relationships with the Whitecourt community to ensure an asset development climate for its youth	Identified stakeholders identify other stakeholders who would be appropriate candidates for creating developmental asset climates for youth;  Identified stakeholders intentionally and intuitively incorporate Developmental Assets in their youth climates;  Individuals reached by promotion, advertizing or internet based information are receptive to, and participate in asset development for youth, and are willing to contribute (time and money) to asset development	Stakeholders developing asset climates utilize the advice, consultation and facilitation offered to increase the effectiveness of the developmental asset concepts in their youth climates

### 3.0 EVALUATION REQUIREMENTS

### 3.1 Specific Requirements

The evaluation design is based on the requirements listed below:

- 1. A Project Logic Model is created to describe the outcomes measured in the evaluation.
- 2. A detailed Evaluation Plan is developed for Leadership Group approval.
- 3. The Evaluator facilitates a formative evaluation based on the results of the evaluation activities.
- 4. The evaluation becomes a part of the Leadership Group's decision-making and learning processes.
- 5. The lessons learned are valued as information for sharing inside and outside the community.
- 6. This participatory evaluation is guided by the Evaluation Sub-Committee. Everyone is kept informed and involved throughout the evaluation timeline.
- 7. The Evaluator ensures the evaluation meets the terms of the evaluation contract.
- 8. The Evaluator produces a final evaluation report for the POWER Group and a Provincial Evaluation Protocol for the provincial partners.

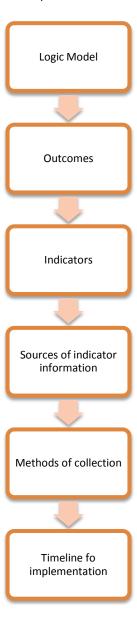
### 3.2 Evaluation Questions

These are the broad evaluation questions that the evaluation addresses. The information required to answer these questions will be produced by the evaluation, built into the evaluation design, and reported in the final evaluation report.

- 1. How has the Leadership Group engaged the community on youth asset development?
- 2. Who has been reached?
- 3. Are the planned outputs being delivered?
- 4. To what extent is progress being made on the expected outcomes?
- 5. How is the community's positive youth development different now?
- 6. What challenges and ongoing challenges are encountered and how were/are they being addressed?
- 7. What works well?
- 8. What could be improved?
- 9. What lessons learned can be passed on to other communities?
- 10. How well did the evaluation methods work? What is missing?

### 4.0 EVALUATION MEASUREMENT

The chart that follows on the next few pages links the outcome indicators to be measured to an information source, type of collection method, and broad timeline.



## **EVALUATION MEASUREMENT**

## POSITIVE YOUTH DEVELOPMENT & 40 DEVELOPMENTAL ASSETS

# WHITECOURT AND THE WOODLANDS COUNTY SURROUNDING AREA

Mission: To create opportunities for people to build the surrounding area	es for people to build the capacity	capacity for Positive youth development, with intention, in Whitecourt and the Woodlands County &	vith intention, in Whitecourt and	the Woodlands County &
Sectors: Schools, Parents/Careg Reach: Stakeholders in the sec	Sectors: Schools, Parents/Caregivers, Youth Serving Agencies, Justice, Heath, Town and County Council, Business, Church organizations Reach: Stakeholders in the sectors listed above, youth, families, neighbours, and community at large in Whitecourt/Woodlands County and surrounding area	stice, Heath, Town and County Cou neighbours, and community at la	uncil, Business, Church organizati ırge in Whitecourt/Woodlands Cc	ions ounty and surrounding area
Activities				
Whitecourt PYD Leadership Group	Outputs	Short Term Outcomes	Medium Term Outcomes	Long Term Outcomes
Identifies and selects	Interested stakeholders	Leadership Group is aware of	Leadership Group effectively	Leadership Group sustains
stakeholders to lead youth	identined by sector	willen stakenolders are	engages identified stakenoiders	relations mips with the
developmental asset based community climate building	Number of contacts	interested in developing and implementing a community based vouth asset development	and begins to form sustainable relationships	Wintecourt community to ensure an asset development climate for its youth
		climate		
	Source: Leadership Group,		Indicators:	
	records		-	Indicators:
	Method: Stakeholder Inventory	Indicators:	- New stakeholders have	
			joined POWER	<ul> <li>Identified stakeholders</li> </ul>
	Timeline: Ongoing update	<ul> <li>Leadership Group can</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identified stakeholders</li> </ul>	contribute in other
		name the stakeholders	attend the meetings	ways to the PYD (e.g.
		that are interested	Source: POWER Group,	information, time,
		Source: Leadership	records	promotion)
		Group, records	Method: Stakeholder	Source: POWER Group,
		Method: Stakeholder	Inventory	records
		Inventory	Timeline: Ongoing	Method: Stakeholder
		Timeline: Ongoing	update	Inventory
		update		Timeline: Ongoing
				update

Identified stakeholders <b>identify</b>	other stakeholders who would
Identified stakeholders	communicate about
Identified	nts stakeholders/community at large
Prepared presentations; number	of activities by type; participants
Provides information and	resources to stakeholders and

Activities				
Whitecourt PYD Leadership Group	Outputs	Short Term Outcomes	Medium Term Outcomes	Long Term Outcomes
community at large on Developmental Assets for youth:	by sector; resources developed; resources distrusted; resource lists	has an increased <b>awareness</b> of Developmental Assets	Developmental Assets with others that they come into contact with	be appropriate candidates for creating developmental asset climates for youth
Targeted presentations Topic/skill specific workshops	Source: Leadership Group,	Indicators: - Heard about 40 Assets	Indicators:	Indicators:
Promotion and advertizing School Newsletters ('Positive Point', parent information)	Method: AD Activity and Resource Inventory	from POWER - Heard about 40 Assets in the media - Heard about 40 Assets	<ul> <li>Report passing on info</li> <li>to others</li> <li>Can name info and</li> <li>who and situation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>They report that they recommend to other stakeholders</li> <li>Give statements of</li> </ul>
Community Spectrum- quarterly activity brochure	CIBOTE aparte	at the POWER Website Source: Identified stakeholders: website	<ul> <li>Add reference to PYD and asset development in their own work with</li> </ul>	what they said or would say - Can name the other
Radio		Method: Workshop-	others	stakeholders
Internet based		Presentation Questionnaires,	<b>Source:</b> Identified Stakeholders	<b>Source:</b> Identified Stakeholders
Powerofwhitecourt.com (links to Search Institute, Thrive Canada, Town of Whitecourt, Parent Further Link, Woodlands County,		Stakeholder Interviews, Website Use Analysis, Web Survey	Method: Stakeholder Interviews Timeline: Annual	Method: Stakeholder Surveys-Interviews Timeline: Annual
St Albert videos)		Identified stakeholders/community at large has an increased knowledge of Developmental Assets	Identified stakeholders consider applying developmental asset concepts to their own youth climates	Identified stakeholders intentionally incorporate developmental asset concepts into their youth climates
		Indicators:	Indicators:	Indicators:
		- Have read about the 40-Assets - Can name some of the assets - Can name some of the Internal Assets - Can name some of the External Assets - Know some strategies for assets	<ul> <li>See themselves as supporters or ambassadors of PVD and asset development</li> <li>Can describe their considerations- kinds of changes</li> <li>Source: Identified Stakeholders</li> <li>Method: Stakeholder</li> </ul>	- They (by sector) describe relevant climate changes they have made/in process/plan (philosophies, policies, who, what and how they are involved, practices etc.) - They explain how they

Activities				
Whitecourt PYD Leadership Group	Outputs	Short Term Outcomes	Medium Term Outcomes	Long Term Outcomes
		11 - 11	-	
		development/ how to - Know the philosophy	Surveys-Interviews <b>Timeline:</b> Annual	intent that this will contribute to an asset
		that underlies the 40-		development climate
		Assets		for youth
		- Deliver programs in		<b>Source:</b> Stakeholders
		support of one or more		Incorporating
		of the 40 Assets		Method: Stakeholder
		- Know the results of		Focus Group for AD
		research that supports		Mapping
		positive youth		Timeline: Annual
		development Source:		
		Identified		
		stakeholders, broader		
		community		
		Method: Workshop-		
		Presentation		
		Questionnaires,		
		Stakeholders		
		Interviews; Web		
		Survey		identified stakeholders
		Timeline: Annual		intuitively incorporate
				developmental asset concepts into their youth climates
		14 3 C 7 -		
		identilled ctakeholders/comminity at large		Indicators:
		has an increased appreciation for		- Can describe what they
		the value of Developmental		have done as part of
		Assets		this that was not a
				change for them
		Indicators:		Report they
		-Relieve in the importance of		automatically think/do
		creating an		asset development in
		developmental asset climate for		their work
		vouth		Source: Stakeholders
		Committed to the role of		Incorporating
		community in asset		Method: Stakeholder
		development for vouth		Focus Group
				Timeline: Annual

Long Term Outcomes	Individuals reached by promotion, advertizing or internet based information are receptive to and say they have an interest in participating in asset development for youth Indicators:  - They have asked for information about this Source: Individuals reached Method: Web Survey Timeline: Annual Individuals reached by promotion, advertizing or internet based information would consider contributing (information, time and money) to asset development for youth Indicators:  - They have asked what would be involved time wise in participating - They have taken a fund recommendation to their work agency Source: Individuals reached Method: Web Survey Timeline: Annual
Medium Term Outcomes	Individuals reached by promotion, advertizing or internet based information will request additional information about Developmental Assets  - What info - For what purpose Source: Individuals reached Method: Web Analysis (return requests); Web Survey Timeline: Annual Individuals reached by promotion, advertizing or internet based information utilize Developmental Assets in their daily lives - Describe which ones - Explain what is a different as a result Source: Individuals reached who have made changes Method: Web Survey Timeline: Annual
Short Term Outcomes	- Helps youth make healthy choices - Helps youth make healthy choices - Would support this to others - Reduces risks - Reduces risks  Source: Identified stakeholders, broader community Method: Workshop-Presentation Questionnaires, Stakeholders Interviews; Web Survey Timeline: Annual
Outputs	

Whitecourt PYD Leadership Group

Activities

Up to date references and information on asset building strategies and
resources; development presentation materials; number of stakeholders assisted and services provided Source: Leadership
Group, records  Method: AD Activity and Resource Inventories Timeline: Ongoing update

Source: Stakeholders
Method: Stakeholders Interviews
& focus group
Timeline: 6 monthly

Activities Whitecourt PYD Leadership Group	Outputs	Short Term Outcomes	Medium Term Outcomes	Long Term Outcomes
Plans, develops, and implements the work of the Leadership Group	Tools and procedures for promotion, management and delivery; promotional materials; minutes-meetings	The successes and challenges are identified regarding the development and implementation of the Leadership Group's work	Lessons learned are formulated, which can be shared with other communities in the PYD Evaluation Protocol for the Province	Leadership group has increased understanding and knowledge on how to mobilize and support a community to create a positive youth development climate through asset development
	<b>Source:</b> Leadership Group members and records			
	Method: Interview with POWER	Indicators:	Indicators:	
	Chairperson	- This information is	- Lessons learned are	Indicators:
	Timeline: Every 6 months	documented	documented	-Leadership Group reports a
		Source: Leadership	Source: Leadership	stronger capacity (confidence
		Group, Stakeholders	Group	and know how) for leading
		Method: Leadership	<b>Method</b> : : Leadership	community Positive youth
		Reflection; in	Reflection	development
		evaluation methods with stakeholders <b>Timeline</b> : End of first 3 months and quarterly thereafter; appoint member to document	Timeline: End of first 3 months and quarterly thereafter; appoint member to document	Source: Method: Include in Leadership Reflection Timeline: no later than end of first year

### 5.0 IMPLEMENTATION

Tools will be developed, as a separate evaluation resource containing each tool and the procedures.

EVALUATION METHODS	EVALUATION:	CTATUC
EVALUATION METHODS	EVALUATION ACTIVITY	STATUS
		Updated as of November 14, 2011
	SCHEDULE	
OUTPUTS		
Stakeholder Inventory Activity Inventory	Summer 2011	Have been set up, and now are in ongoing update; will be used in final report
Resource Inventory		
Website Utilization Analysis Plan		Report to end of August completed; will be updated as of Feb 2012
PARTICIPANT OUTCOMES		
Workshop-Presentation:	July 2011	Batch of questions was drafted- requires refinement
Post Q or De-Brief Qs		
Stakeholders - Interviews	Late Sept to end of Oct 2011	Completed by mid November 2011(extension necessary to first week of December)
Stakeholders - Focus Group		ТВА
	Early November 2011	May use it with Leadership Group later to review evaluation results for implications; consider a youth focus group
Stakeholders and	Design Summer	Collection completed by mid November 2011
Community at Large Survey	Launch September 2011	
AD LEADERSHIP LEARNING	S	
Reflection on Planning,	June 13, 2011	
Developing, Managing and Evaluating	October 2011	June and October are completed; final one in February 2012
Lvaluating	February 2012	
AD COMMUNITY OUTCOM	IES	
Whitecourt Final Report		Full Draft by January 15, 2012 for Group Review
Evaluation Results and Toolkit and		Outline reviewed by Provincial Partners in early January 2012
Evaluation Toolkit Reports		First Draft by Mid February 2012
		Final draft by March 31, 2012
	l .	<u> </u>

### ATTACHMENT B TOOLS AND TEMPLATES

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Logic Model Template	28
Evaluation Work Plan Template	29
Evaluation Work Schedule Template	30
Inventory Framework Guideline (Stakeholders, Resources and Activities)	31
Reflection Guide and Format	32
Community Survey Questionnaire	33
Asset Builder Interview Guide and Question Format	35
Workshop/Presentation Evaluation Tool- Bank of Questions	38

LOGIC MODEL			
INPUTS			
ACTIVITIES			
OUTPUTS			
SHORT TERM OUTCOMES			
MEDIUM TERM OUTCOMES			
LONG TERM OUTCOMES			

### **EVALUATION WORK PLAN**

D '		
ura	IDCT I	ITIO:
FIU	ect T	ILIE.

Mission: Sectors: Reach:

Activity Component	Outcomes	Indicators	Source	Method	Timeline

### **EVALUATION WORK SCHEDULE**

EVALUATION TASKS	PLANNED DATE	STATUS

### **INVENTORY FRAMEWORK**

This will give you an idea of what would be useful. But this is flexible depending on what you can recreate. You may have other suggestions. Set these up in a software program that can be easily edited.

### STAKEHOLDER INVENTORY

Name of agency/group
Sector
Name of Agency contact person
Contact person's email
Contact person's phone number
Agency has a member on the POWER Group
Name of member on the POWER Group
When agency first joined POWER Group

### **ACTIVITY INVENTORY to Community**

Name of activity

Type of activity (e.g. workshop, presentation, media interview)

Content (e.g. asset information, how to information etc)

Date held

Who attended (broad such as X Schools, community members)

Number attended, participated or estimate audience (media)

Who facilitated

### **RESOURCE INVENTORY**

Type of resource
Whitecourt PYD product or a Pre-existing Product
Number of resources
Number distributed since PDY focus
Distribution Scope
Notes (space to make comments)

### REFLECTION GUIDE AND FORMAT

### Who

Those persons involved in the planning, development, management and delivery of asset development in the community. This may include staff and volunteers, adults and youth.

### What

Successes, challenges resolved and ongoing, unexpected opportunities and responses, unanticipated outcomes, and lessons learned.

### Why

The key purposes of this kind of Reflection are for the group's own ongoing improvement of the work, and for sharing information with others.

### How

Group sessions facilitated on a regular schedule (e.g. quarterly or semi-annually) by the Evaluator or an 'uninvolved person' using broad questions relating to the 'what' above, with particular attention on the planning, development, management and delivery. If interim evaluation results are available these can be reviewed for implications that may affect what is being done and how.

A roundtable format is followed to give everyone an opportunity to participate. The results are documented (facilitator may be the recorder or another person outside the group can do the recording), which may be on a flipchart or screen that everyone can see. Subsequent sessions include an update on unresolved challenges, as well as reflection on the in-between time experience using the same process. Use software that gives update flexibility (Excel for example). Once there are a number of successes and challenges they can be categorized to reflect the themes.

Date	Responses	Updates	
What were our			
Start-up Successes?			
What were our			
Start-up Challenges?			
Ongoing Challenges			
Opportunities			
Lessons Learned			

### WHITECOURT ASSET DEVELOPMENT COMMUNITY SURVEY 2011

Dev	/eld	e trying to find out if the people of Whitecourt are appended Assets.			nent and the
1.	Do	you recognize this logo	□Yes	□No	
2.	Hav	ve you heard of the 40 Developmental Assets from t	the following	g sources?	
1	a. b. c. d. e. f.	The www.powerofwhitecourt.com web site A presentation by a POWER Group members A school newsletter In the local media A friend or co-worker mentioned the assets to you Read about Developmental Assets Other source, please name it	☐ Yes	No No No No No No No	
	_	☐ I have not heard of Developmental Assets before	re (please g	o to questic	on # 11)
	Wh	ve you learned more about asset development as a nitecourt over the past two years?  Yes, but I had some prior knowledge of the Develo Yes, and I had not heard of Developmental Assets  No, I have not heard of the POWER Group of Whit	pmental Ass previously ecourt befor	sets re today	
;	a.	nat do you know about the Developmental Assets and I have seen a list of the 40 Developmental Assets.  Asset development is for youth that have made po	Yes	☐ No	☐ Don't know ☐ Don't know
(	c.	Asset development is more about building relation		_	
(	d.	Everyone in the community has a role to play in as	set developi	ment No	☐ Don't know
(	e.	I know different ways that I can contribute to asse	t developme ☐ Yes	ent No	☐ Don't know
		you now have a better appreciation of the important of the POWER Group of Whitecourt?		·	nt as a result of the  ☐ Not at all
		ve you looked for more information on asset develogonal No Yes, at the POWER website Yes, or Yes, the Library Yes, from other sources.	pment since other online	your introd	
		Questions on Other Side	ase name		
7.	Do	you agree or disagree with these statements:			
;	a.	I believe that more Developmental Assets gives yo			•
					ee Don't know
	b.	The whole community benefits by creating asset d	•		
			_	_	ee Don't know
(	c.	It is important that everyone make a greater effort			•
			∟ Agree	Disagr	ee 🔲 Don't know

8. Do you practice asset development with youth in your workplace?  No, don't work with youth No, do not practice it deliberately Yes
If yes, please give an example:
9. Have you used the Developmental Assets as a parent?
☐ No, I am not a parent ☐ Not used the assets ☐ No, I would like to ☐ Yes
If yes, please give an example:
10. Do you use the principles of asset development in your interaction with youth that you come into
contact with in the community?
If yes, please describe a situation:
11. I am  male  a female.
12. I am a parent of children up to 17 years old.
13. I am under 25 years old 25-39 40-59 60 or older
14. I work in: A school. Which one?
☐ Social service agency ☐ Health agency ☐ Justice ☐ Business
☐ Not employed
Other, please describe
Other, please describe
15 I have lived in the Whitecourt/currounding area for more than two years. Vec. \( \sqrt{No}\)
15. I have lived in the Whitecourt/surrounding area for more than two years.   Yes No
16. Any comments?

Thank you very much for completing this survey.

### ASSET BUILDER INTERVIEW QUESTION GUIDE

### Whitecourt PYD Evaluation

	Interview Questions
Interviewee:	Introduction
Sector:	I am
Date:	
	Purpose of evaluation project- Some people took part in AD training a few years back sponsore Provincial Partners. Whitecourt is providing the model for an evaluation protocol for other AD communities in Alberta.
	Interview purpose and content- talking with those who are asset builders in their workplaces
	1. Have you completed the Community Survey?  ☐ Yes ☐ No (Ask them to complete it)
AD INFO	<ol> <li>Tell me when and how you first heard about asset development. Became involved with it.</li> <li>Check if Did you take part in the initial training on AD a few years ago?</li></ol>
OTHERS IDENTIFIED	6. Have you identified other stakeholders that could create developmental asset opportunities for youth? Formed partnerships with them? What?

PRACTICE OF ASSET DEVELOPMENT	<ul> <li>7. Do you practice asset development with youth in your work?  No, don't work with youth No, not practice it  Yes practice it with youth at work</li> <li>8. What kinds of changes have occurred? Your role? Role of others there? What difference has this made? For you? Others at work? Clients?</li> </ul>
	Attitudes
	Practices
	Policies
	Others, explain
	9. Do you have other AD plans for your workplace?
	10. Do you use the principles of asset development in your interaction with other youth that you come into contact with in the community?  — Yes — No
	Examples
	11. What are some of the characteristics of an AD Community?
	12. Is Whitecourt different as a result of AD? How is it different?

SUPPORT FROM THE POWER GROUP OF WHITECOURT	<ul> <li>13. Are you aware that you can get practical support from the POWER Group on asset development?  ☐ Yes ☐ No</li> <li>14. Are you comfortable to approach the POWER Group for this support? ☐ Yes ☐ No</li> </ul>
	15. Have you received practical support from the POWER Group on request? What did that consist of?
	16. Have you used the assistance that they provided? Was this helpful? Do it again?
	17. What else would have been helpful?
THE RESPONDENT	18. I am a male a female.
	19. I am a parent of children up to 17 years old.
	20. I am under 25 years old 25-39 40-59 60 or older
	21. I have lived in the Whitecourt/surrounding area for more than two years.
	22. Any comments?
	THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR TAKING PART IN THIS INTERVIEW!

### WORKSHOP/PRESENATION EVALUATION TOOL

### **Bank of Questions**

This is a bank of questions to select from and modify depending on the length and focus of your presentation or workshop on asset development. An alternative to self administered questionnaires is to just debrief with the group asking broad questions such as what have you learned new here today, has your interest in asset development increased today, and how can we make these presentations better in the future?

PΑ	ART 1					
A.	Your Agency name, if applicable:					
B.	. What sector do you work in?  ☐ Non-profit ☐ Government ☐ Business ☐ Education , school, which one? ☐ Health ☐ Social Services ☐ Justice ☐ Recreation/Leisure ☐ Church ☐ Town or County Council ☐ Other, please specify					
C.	. Does the agency work with youth?   Yes   No (go on to question # 1)					
D.	Do you work directly with youth? ☐ Yes ☐ No					
PΑ	ART 2					
1.	Have you participated in any other Asset development workshops or presentations? Which ones?					
2.	Did you learn anything new today about asset development?  Principles of positive youth development What asset development is About external assets About internal assets Benefits for youth Benefits for the community Potential changes that can be made to support asset development Other, please describe:					
3.	Had you heard of the 40 Assets before? In the media At the POWER website Another POWER info session Other source:					
4.	Did you learn anything new today about the Developmental Assets?					
5.	Did you learn anything new today about strategies for asset development?					
6.	Did you learn anything new today about research results that support developing an asset					

development climate for youth?

- 7. Did you learn any new ideas that you could apply in your work and or at your workplace?
- 8. Did you learn anything new about how to be an asset builder as a parent?
- 9. Did you learn anything new about how to connect with youth at large in the community to help build assets?
- 10. Has your interest in Asset development increased as a result of today's session?
- 11. Did you learn anything new about the role of community in asset development?
- 12. Are you thinking about changes you could make in your workplace to enhance the asset development climate?
- 13. Did you have enough opportunity to ask questions?
- 14. Was the information provided- relevant, clear, easy to apply, other \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 15. Do you want to learn more about asset development? What kind of information?
- 16. Would you recommend this kind of presentation/workshop to others?
- 17. How would you like to see this improved?
- 18. What else would you like to learn about asset building?
- 19. Any comments or suggestions?

# **NOTES**







